

# Operating Experience with

#### Systems

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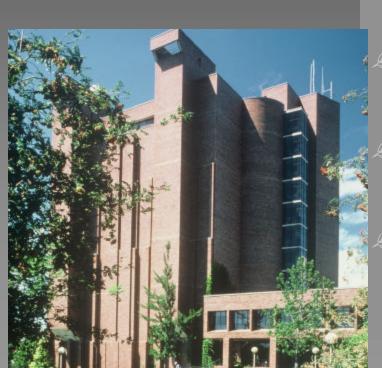
# Campus Lab Buildings



- 14 M gross sq ft of campus buildings
- 1.3 million net sq ft of wet lab space
- 1400 fume hoods on campus
- Over 50 buildings with fume hoods
- 25 buildings with > 10 fume hoods
- Research income > \$400 M /yr

## Building Environment

- Design and construction standards in place for 15 years
- Project and construction mgmt by university staff
- Controls installation, TAB and commissioning by in-house trades
- 300 person union trades shop available for maintenance
- Utilities are metered for every building



- Older labs are constant volume reheat
- First full VAV was a retrofit in mid1980s
- 6 different vendors of VAV hood controls
- Two buildings have heat recovery
- Several buildings and retrofits are 2 position

# Sample Building Group

- **2** M square feet total space
- Several mechanical systems included

Included chemistry, biology, physics, and

other disciplines



### Metrics Used to Evaluate buildings

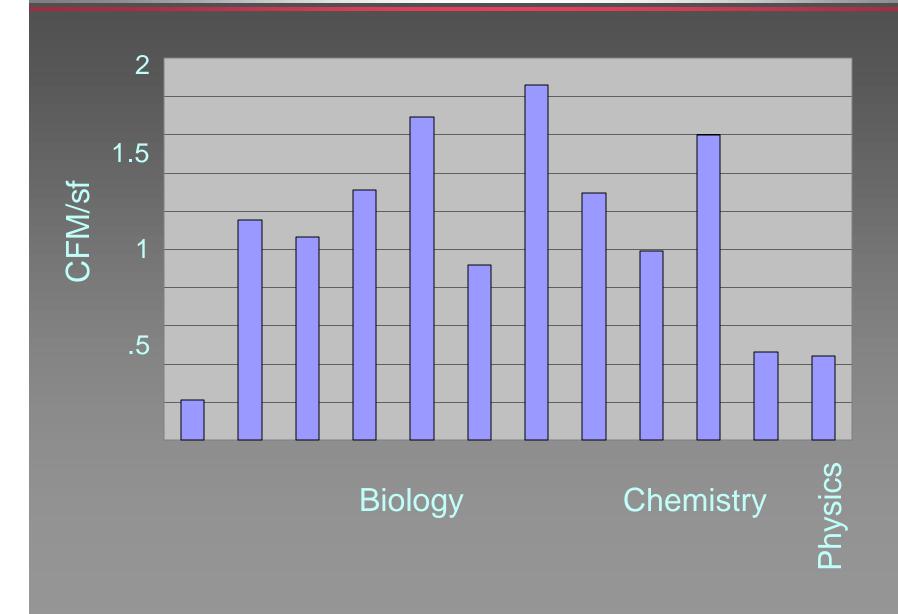
- Design CFM / Square foot
- BTU / yr / sq ft
- BTU / yr / CFM



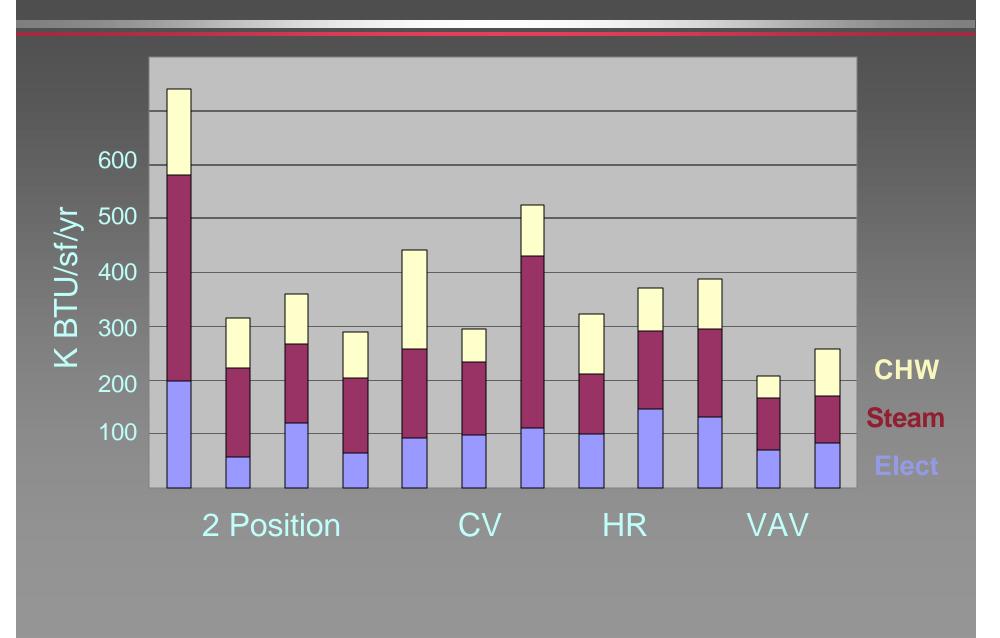
# Results of Sample Group

	Range	Average
∠Air flow rate	.4 – 1.9	1.1 CFM/ft2
Energy Use	210-740	375 kBTU/ft2/yr
<b>Efficiency</b>	135-900	300 kBTU/cfm/yr

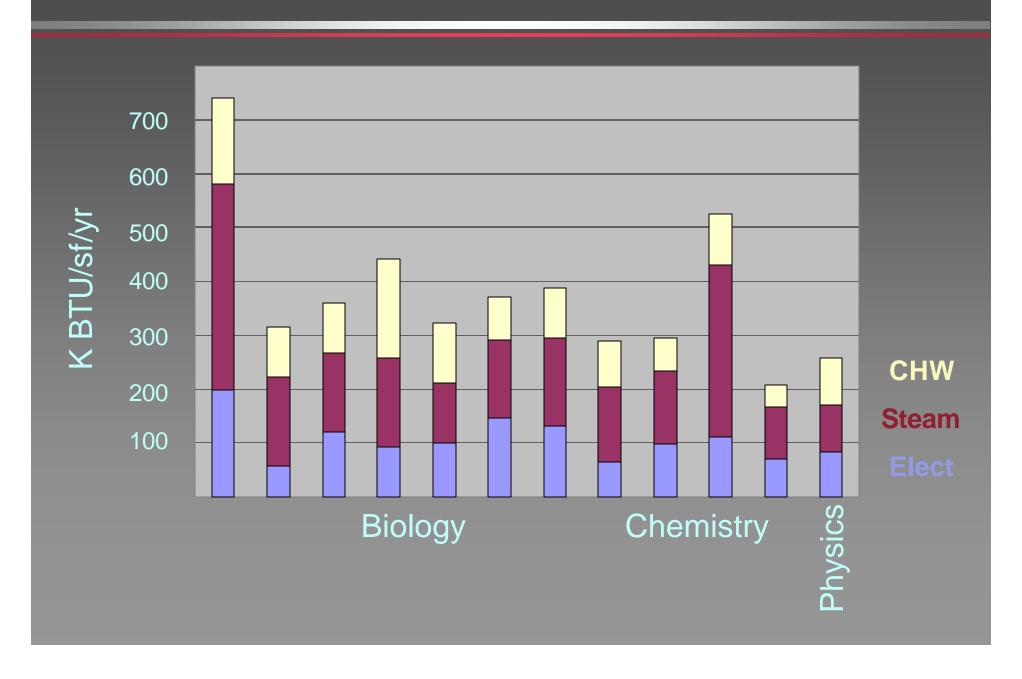
## Ventilation Air Flow by Discipline



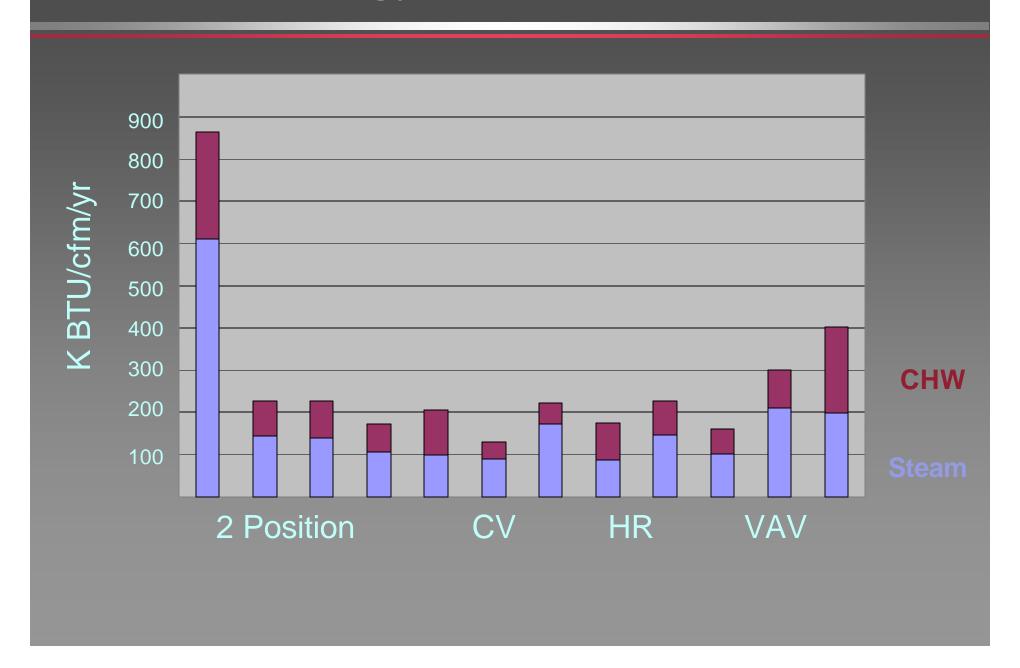
### Total Energy Use by System Type



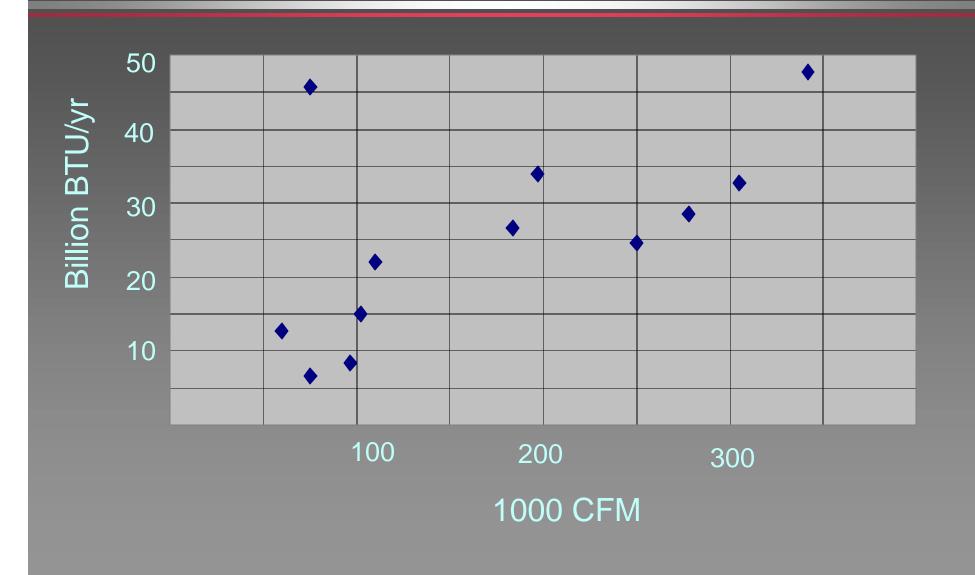
### Total Energy Use by Discipline



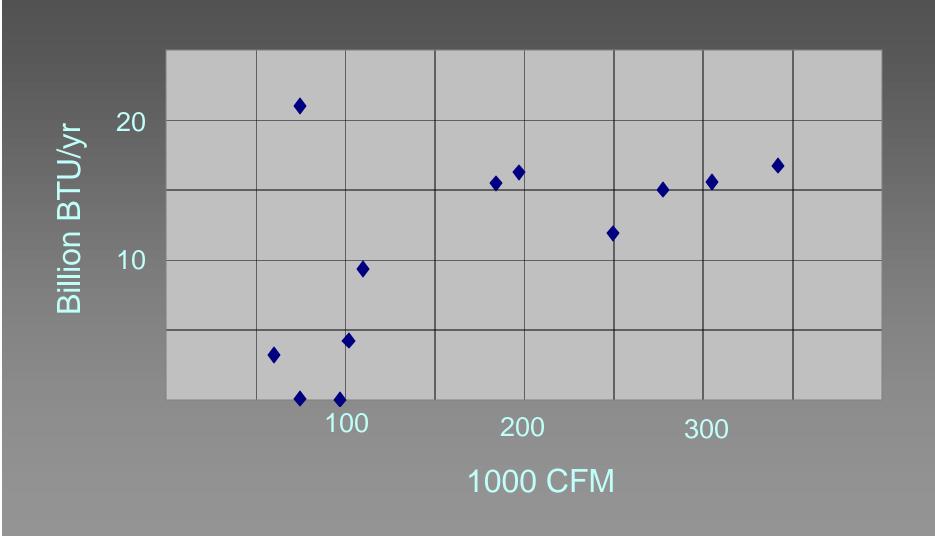
### Energy Use Per CFM



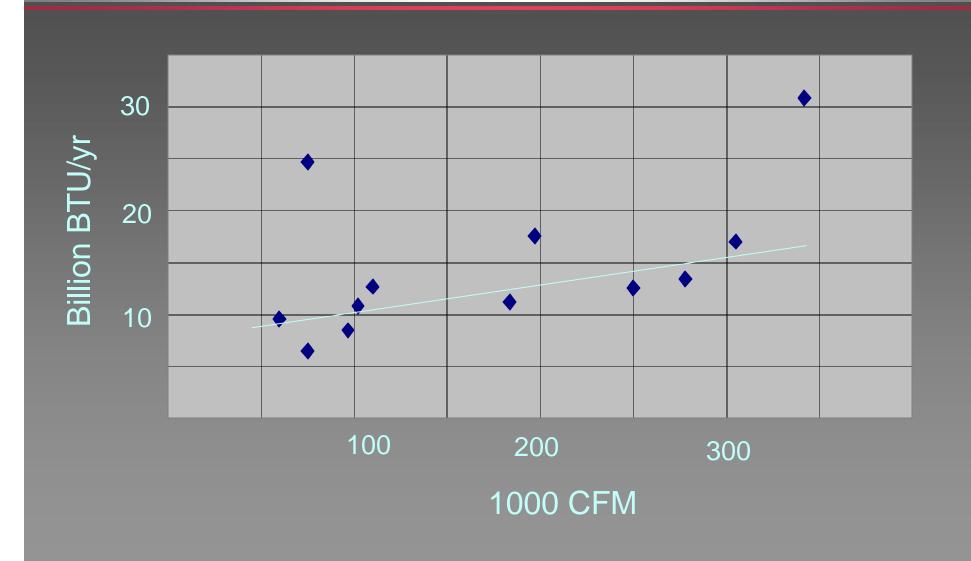
#### Steam Use vs. Peak Airflow



#### Base Steam Use vs. Peak Airflow



#### Variable Steam Use vs. Peak Airflow



### Conclusions

- Extremely large variation in energy use suggests some buildings have considerable room for improvement
- The building sample was too small
- Labs with energy conservation systems did not show clear savings
- Metrics show promise for identifying severe operational/control problems
- Analysis of base and variable energy use shows promise for building energy analysis
- A larger database is needed but data will need climate adjustment

#### What Next?????

- More data is needed to identify patterns
- ∠ Use of data across country may be difficult
  as weather adds additional variable
- Test the use of building models against actual

